## GET A HEADS UP ON Batter's Helmet Safety





While there is no concussionproof helmet, a batter's helmet can help protect your athlete from a serious brain or head injury.

The information in this handout will help you learn what to look for and what to avoid when picking out a helmet for your baseball or softball player.

### Start with the Right Size:

#### **BRING THE ATHLETE**

Bring your athlete with you when buying a new helmet to make sure that you can check for a good fit.

#### **HEAD SIZE**

To find out your athlete's head size, wrap a soft tape measure around the athlete's head, just above their eyebrows and ears. Make sure the tape measure stays level from front to back. (If you don't have a soft tape measure, you can use a string and then measure it against a ruler.)

#### SIZES WILL VARY

Helmet sizes often will vary from brand-to-brand, so it's important to check out the helmet brand's fit and sizing charts to find out what helmet size fits your athlete's head size.

### Get a Good Fit:

#### **GENERAL FIT**

A batter's helmet should fit snugly all around, with no spaces between the pads and the athlete's head. Your athlete should NOT wear anything under his or her batter's helmet. *This includes a baseball hat!* 

#### ASK

Ask your athlete how the helmet feels on their head. While it needs to have a snug fit, a helmet that is too tight can cause headaches.

#### HAIRSTYLE

An athlete should try on the helmet with the hairstyle he or she will wear for practices and games. Helmet fit can change if the athlete's hairstyle changes considerably. For example, a long-haired player who gets a very short haircut will need to adjust the fit of the helmet.

#### COVERAGE

A batter's helmet should not sit too high or low on their head. To check, make sure the ear holes line up with the athlete's ears. When the athlete is looking straight forward, the bill of the batter's helmet should be parallel to the ground. Also, the bottom of the pad inside the front of the helmet should be 1 inch above the athlete's eyebrows.

#### VISION

Make sure you can see the athlete's eyes and that he or she can see straight forward and side-to-side.

## Take Care of the Helmet:

#### CHECK FOR DAMAGE

DO NOT allow your athlete to use a cracked or broken helmet or a helmet that is missing any padding or parts. Check for missing or loose padding before the season and regularly during the season. Parents or athletes should not attempt to repair helmet damage on their own.

#### CLEANING

Clean the helmet often inside and out with warm water and mild detergent. DO NOT soak any part of the helmet, put it close to high heat, or use strong cleaners.

#### PROTECT

DO NOT let anyone sit or lean on the helmet.

#### STORAGE

Do not store a batter's helmet in a car. The helmet should be stored in a room that does not get too hot or too cold and where the helmet is away from direct sunlight.

#### DECORATION

DO NOT decorate (paint or put stickers on) the helmet without checking with the helmet manufacturer, as this may affect the safety of the helmet. This information may also be found on the instructions label or on the manufacturer's website.



<sup>1</sup> National Operating Committee on Standards for Athletic Equipment: <u>www.nocsae.org</u>

## <sup>2</sup> National Athletic Equipment Reconditioning Association: <u>www.naera.net</u>

## Look for the Labels:

## LOOK FOR A BATTER'S HELMET WITH LABELS THAT:

Say "MEETS NOCSAE Standard®"<sup>1</sup> as certified either by the manufacturer or by SEI<sup>2</sup>. That label means that the helmet model has been tested and meets NOCSAE performance and protection standards.

- State whether the helmet can be recertified. If not, look for the label that specifies when the certification to the NOCSAE standard expires.
- Specify how frequently the helmet must be reconditioned and recertified.
- Have the date of manufacture. This information will be helpful if the manufacturer has: specified a useful life of the helmet; specified that the helmet may not be reconditioned and recertified; or if there is ever a recall on that particular model or year.

If the helmet is not new, you should also look for a label that includes the date the helmet was expertly repaired and approved for use (reconditioned/recertified.

# Know When to Replace a Batter's Helmet:

#### CHECK THE LABEL

Be sure to follow safety labels on the helmet on when to replace the helmet. Some batter's helmets have a label that says that it should not be reconditioned. Helmets with this label will also include how long the helmet can be used. However, some of these helmets may need to be replaced sooner, depending upon wear and tear.

#### **RECONDITIONING AND RECERTIFICATION**

Reconditioning involves having an expert repair a used helmet by: fixing cracks or damage, replacing missing parts, testing it for safety, and approving it for use. Helmets should be reconditioned regularly by a licensed NAERA<sup>2</sup> member. DO NOT allow your athlete to use a used helmet that has not been recently recertified for use by a NAERA reconditioner.

TO LEARN MORE, GO TO WWW.CDC.GOV/HEADSUP



